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Daunorubicin

Star

6

Summary

Daunorubicin is an anthracycline aminoglycoside used to induce remission of nonlymphocytic leukemia and acute lymphocytic leukemia.

Brand Names

Cerubidine, Vyxeos

Generic Name

Daunorubicin

DrugBank Accession Number

DB00694

Background

A very toxic anthracycline aminoglycoside antineoplastic isolated from Streptomyces peucetius and others, used in treatment of leukemia and other neoplasms.

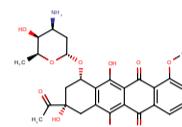
Type

Small Molecule

Groups

Approved

Structure



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Weight

Average: 527.5199

Monoisotopic: 527.179146153

Chemical Formula

C₂₇H₂₉NO₁₀

Synonyms

[Show All Synonyms](#)

Acetyladriamycin Daunomycin Daunorubicin

Daunorubicin liposomal Daunorubicina

Daunorubicine

Daunorubicinum Leukaemomycin C Rubidomycin

External IDs

[View As Table](#)

DNR FI 6339 NSC 82151 RCRA Waste No. U059 RP 13057 RP-13057

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PHARMACOLOGY

Indication

For remission induction in acute nonlymphocytic leukemia (myelogenous, monocytic, erythroid) of adults and for remission induction in acute lymphocytic leukemia of children and adults.

Daunorubicin is indicated in combination with [cytarabine](#) for the treatment of newly-diagnosed therapy-related acute myeloid leukemia (t-AML) or AML with myelodysplasia-related changes (AML-MRC) in adults and pediatric patients 1 year and older.⁵

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Associated Conditions

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INDICATION TYPE	INDICATION	COMBINED PRODUCT DETAILS	APPROVAL LEVEL	AGE GROUP	PATIENT CHARACTERISTICS	DOSE FORM
Treatment of	Acute lymphoblastic leukaemias (all)				Create Account
Used in combination to treat	Acute myeloid leukemia with myelodysplasia-related changes	Combination Product in combination with: Cytarabine (DB00987)			Create Account
Treatment of	Ewing's tumor				Create Account
Treatment of	Lymphoma, diffuse				Create Account
Treatment of	Myeloblastic leukemia				Create Account

Showing 1 to 5 of 9 entries

≤ 1 2 ≥

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Pharmacodynamics

Daunorubicin is an anthracycline antibiotic and antineoplastic agent.⁵ It acts by inhibiting cellular reproduction through interference with DNA replication although it may contribute to the induction of cell death by increasing oxidative stress through the generation of reactive oxygen species and free radicals. As an antineoplastic agent, daunorubicin carries significant toxicities including cytopenias, hepatotoxicity, and extravasation reactions. Like other anthracyclines, daunorubicin also exhibits cardiotoxicity in proportion with the cumulative dose received over time.

Mechanism of action

Daunorubicin has antimitotic and cytotoxic activity through a number of proposed mechanisms of action: Daunorubicin forms complexes with DNA by intercalation between base pairs, and it inhibits topoisomerase II activity by stabilizing the DNA-topoisomerase II complex, preventing the religation portion of the ligation-religation reaction that topoisomerase II catalyzes.

TARGET	ACTIONS	ORGANISM
(A) DNA	intercalation	Humans
(A) DNA topoisomerase 2-alpha	inhibitor	Humans
(A) DNA topoisomerase 2-beta	inhibitor	Humans

Absorption

Daunorubicin was found to have a *t*_{max} of 2 h and a *c*_{max} of 24.8 µg/mL after a 90 min infusion of the liposomal formulation at a dose of 44 mg/m².³

Volume of distribution

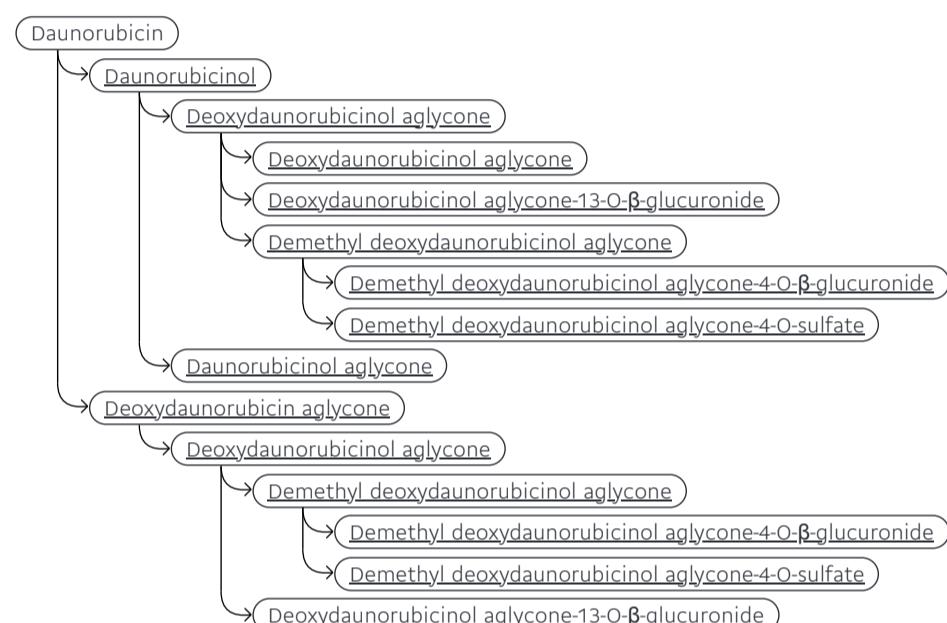
Daunorubicin has a steady-state volume of distribution of 1.91 L/m² reported with the liposomal formulation.¹ The average volume of distribution reported for the liposomal formulation is 6.6 L.⁵

Protein binding

Not Available

Metabolism

Hover over products below to view reaction partners

**Route of elimination**

Daunorubicin is eliminated hepatically. 40% of daunorubicin is excreted in the bile while 25% is excreted in an active form (daunorubicin or daunorubicinol) in the urine.² In the liposomal formulation, only 9% of active molecules are excreted in the urine.⁵

Half-life

Daunorubicin has been determined to have a terminal half-life of 18.5 h (+/- 4.9).¹ Daunorubicinol, the primary active metabolite has been determined to have a terminal half-life of 26.7 h (+/- 12.8). The mean half-life of elimination of liposomal daunorubicin has been reported to be 22.1 h in pharmacokinetic studies and 31.5 h in official FDA labeling.^{3,5}

Clearance

Daunorubicin has a clearance of 68.4 mL/h/m² determined using the liposomal formulation.³

Adverse Effects

Improve decision support & research outcomes with our structured adverse effects data.

SEE A DATA SAMPLE

Toxicity

Not Available

Pathways

Not Available

Pharmacogenomic Effects/ADRs

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Search

INTERACTING GENE/ENZYME	ALLELE NAME	GENOTYPE(S)	DEFINING CHANGE(S)	TYPE(S)	DESCRIPTION
+ Cytochrome P450 1B1	--	(G;G) / (C;G)	G allele	[ADR] [Directly Studied]	The presence of this genotype in CYP1B1 may be associated with an increased risk of drug-induced cytotoxicity from daunorubicin therapy.
+ Heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein D0	--	(A;A) / (A;G)	A allele	[ADR] [Directly Studied]	The presence of this genotype in HNRNPD may be associated with an increased risk of drug-induced cytotoxicity from daunorubicin therapy.
+ SEC14-like protein 3	--	(T;T) / (G;T)	T allele	[ADR] [Directly Studied]	The presence of this genotype in SEC14L3 may be associated with an increased risk of drug-induced cytotoxicity from daunorubicin therapy.

INTERACTING GENE/ENZYME	NAME	ALLELE	DEFINING CHANGE(S)	TYPE(S)	DESCRIPTION
+ Inhibitor of nuclear factor kappa-B kinase subunit epsilon	--	(A;A) / (A;G)	A allele	[ADR] [Directly Studied]	The presence of this genotype in IKBKE may be associated with an increased risk of drug-induced cytotoxicity from daunorubicin therapy.
+ Retinoic acid receptor gamma	--	(C;C) / (C;T)	C>T	[ADR] [Directly Studied]	Pediatric patients who carry this genotype may be at a higher risk of experiencing anthracycline-induced cardiotoxicity when treated with daunorubicin.
+ Solute carrier family 28 member 3	--	(A;A) / (A;G)	G > A	[ADR] [Directly Studied]	Pediatric patients who carry this genotype may be at a higher risk of experiencing anthracycline-induced cardiotoxicity when treated with daunorubicin.
+ UDP-glucuronosyltransferase 1-6	UGT1A6*4	(T;T) / (G;T)	G > T	[ADR] [Directly Studied]	Pediatric patients who carry this genotype may be at a higher risk of experiencing anthracycline-induced cardiotoxicity when treated with daunorubicin.

Showing 1 to 7 of 7 entries

≤ 1 ≥

INTERACTIONS**Drug Interactions** ⓘ

This information should not be interpreted without the help of a healthcare provider. If you believe you are experiencing an interaction, contact a healthcare provider immediately. The absence of an interaction does not necessarily mean no interactions exist.

[APPROVED](#) [VET APPROVED](#) [NUTRACEUTICAL](#) [ILICIT](#) [WITHDRAWN](#) [INVESTIGATIONAL](#) [EXPERIMENTAL](#) [ALL DRUGS](#)

Show 5 entries

Search

DRUG	INTERACTION
INTEGRATE DRUG-DRUG INTERACTIONS IN YOUR SOFTWARE	
Abatacept	The risk or severity of adverse effects can be increased when Daunorubicin is combined with Abatacept.
Abciximab	The risk or severity of bleeding can be increased when Abciximab is combined with Daunorubicin.
Abemaciclib	The serum concentration of Abemaciclib can be increased when it is combined with Daunorubicin.
Acalabrutinib	The serum concentration of Acalabrutinib can be increased when it is combined with Daunorubicin.
Acenocoumarol	The serum concentration of Acenocoumarol can be increased when it is combined with Daunorubicin.

Showing 1 to 5 of 712 entries

≤ 1 2 3 4 5 ... 143 ≥

Food Interactions

No interactions found.

PRODUCTS

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Product Ingredients ⓘ

INGREDIENT	UNII	CAS	INCHI KEY
Daunorubicin citrate	SL84T2Z6NP	371770-68-2	VNTHYLDGVBOU-QQYBVWGSSA-N
Daunorubicin hydrochloride	UD984I04LZ	23541-50-6	GUGHGUZXJWAIAS-UHFFFAOYSA-N

International/Other Brands

Cerubidin (Sanofi-Aventis) / Céribidine (Sanofi-Aventis) / Daunoblastin (Pfizer) / Daunoblastina (Pfizer) / Daunorrubicina (GP-Pharm) / Maxidauno (Varifarma)

Brand Name Prescription Products

NAME	DOSAGE	STRENGTH	ROUTE	LABELLER	MARKETING START	MARKETING END	
+ Cerubidine	Powder, for solution	20 mg / vial	Intravenous	Searchlight Pharma Inc	1971-12-31	Not applicable	CANADA
+ Daunorubicin Hydrochloride	Injection	5 mg/1mL	Intravenous	Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc.	2018-01-02	Not applicable	USA
+ Daunorubicin Hydrochloride	Injection	5 mg/1mL	Intravenous	Hikma Pharmaceuticals USA Inc.	2018-01-02	Not applicable	USA
+ Daunorubicin Hydrochloride	Injection, powder, for solution	20 mg/1	Intravenous	sanofi-aventis U.S. LLC	2014-06-23	2014-11-11	USA
+ Daunorubicin Hydrochloride for Injection	Powder, for solution	20 mg / vial	Intravenous	TEVA Canada Limited	1998-03-04	2018-04-30	CANADA

Showing 1 to 5 of 11 entries

≤ 1 2 3 ≥

Generic Prescription Products

Show 5 entries

Search

NAME	DOSAGE	STRENGTH	ROUTE	LABELLER	MARKETING START	MARKETING END	
+ Cerubidine	Injection, powder, for solution	20 mg/4mL	Intravenous	Bedford Pharmaceuticals	1998-06-01	2013-09-30	
+ Daunorubicin Hydrochloride	Injection, solution	5 mg/1mL	Intravenous	Teva Parenteral Medicines, Inc.	2004-04-01	2016-06-30	
+ Daunorubicin Hydrochloride	Injection, solution	5 mg/1mL	Intravenous	Hisun Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc.	2020-01-20	Not applicable	
+ Daunorubicin Hydrochloride	Injection	5 mg/1mL	Intravenous	Bedford Pharmaceuticals	1998-06-01	2013-09-30	
+ Daunorubicin Hydrochloride	Injection, powder, for solution	20 mg/4mL	Intravenous	Hisun Pharmaceuticals USA, Inc.	2019-04-25	2019-09-12	

Showing 1 to 5 of 8 entries

≤ 1 2 ≥

Mixture Products

Show 5 entries

Search

NAME	INGREDIENTS	DOSAGE	ROUTE	LABELLER	MARKETING START	MARKETING END	
+ Vyxeos	Daunorubicin (44 mg) + Cytarabine (100 mg)	Powder	Intravenous	Jazz Pharmaceuticals Ireland Limited	2021-07-06	Not applicable	
+ Vyxeos	Daunorubicin (44 mg/20mL) + Cytarabine (100 mg/20mL)	Injection, powder, lyophilized, for suspension	Intravenous	Jazz Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	2017-08-03	Not applicable	
+ Vyxeos Liposomal	Daunorubicin hydrochloride (2.2 mg/ml) + Cytarabine (5 mg/ml)	Injection, powder, for solution	Intravenous	Jazz Pharmaceuticals Ireland Ltd	2020-12-16	Not applicable	
+ VYXEOS LIPOSOMAL	Daunorubicin (2.2 MG/ML) + Cytarabine (5 MG/ML)	Powder	Intravenous; Parenteral	Jazz Pharmaceuticals Ireland Limited	2019-01-29	Not applicable	
+ Vyxeos Liposomal	Daunorubicin hydrochloride (2.2 mg/ml) + Cytarabine (5 mg/ml)	Injection, powder, for solution	Intravenous	Jazz Pharmaceuticals Ireland Ltd	2020-12-16	Not applicable	

Showing 1 to 5 of 8 entries

≤ 1 2 ≥

Unapproved/Other Products

Show 5 entries

Search

NAME	INGREDIENTS	DOSAGE	ROUTE	LABELLER	MARKETING START	MARKETING END	
+ Daunorubicin Hydrochloride	Daunorubicin hydrochloride (20 mg/1)	Injection, powder, for solution	Intravenous	sanofi-aventis U.S. LLC	2014-06-23	2014-11-11	

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 entries

≤ 1 2 ≥

CATEGORIES**ATC Codes**[L01DB02 – Daunorubicin](#)

- [L01DB – Anthracyclines and related substances](#)
- [L01D – CYTOTOXIC ANTIBIOTICS AND RELATED SUBSTANCES](#)
- [L01 – ANTOINEOPLASTIC AGENTS](#)
- [L – ANTOINEOPLASTIC AND IMMUNOMODULATING AGENTS](#)

[L01XY01 – Cytarabine and daunorubicin](#)

- [L01XY – Combinations of antineoplastic agents](#)
- [L01X – OTHER ANTOINEOPLASTIC AGENTS](#)
- [L01 – ANTOINEOPLASTIC AGENTS](#)
- [L – ANTOINEOPLASTIC AND IMMUNOMODULATING AGENTS](#)

Drug Categories[Anthracycline Topoisomerase Inhibitor](#)[Anthracyclines](#)[Anthracyclines and Related Substances](#)[Antibiotics, Antineoplastic](#)[Antineoplastic Agents](#)[Antineoplastic and Immunomodulating Agents](#)[BCRP/ABCG2 Substrates](#)[Cardiotoxic antineoplastic agents](#)

[Cytochrome P-450 CYP3A Inducers](#)
[Cytochrome P-450 CYP3A Inhibitors](#)
[Cytochrome P-450 CYP3A Substrates](#)
[Cytochrome P-450 CYP3A4 Inhibitors](#)
[Cytochrome P-450 CYP3A4 Inhibitors \(strength unknown\)](#)
[Cytochrome P-450 CYP3A4 Substrates](#)

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[Cytochrome P-450 Enzyme Inducers](#)
[Cytochrome P-450 Enzyme Inhibitors](#)
[Cytochrome P-450 Substrates](#)
[Cytotoxic Antibiotics and Related Substances](#)
[Enzyme Inhibitors](#)
[Glycosides](#)
[Immunosuppressive Agents](#)
[Myelosuppressive Agents](#)
[Naphthalenes](#)
[Narrow Therapeutic Index Drugs](#)
[P-glycoprotein inducers](#)
[P-glycoprotein inhibitors](#)
[P-glycoprotein substrates](#)
[P-glycoprotein substrates with a Narrow Therapeutic Index](#)
[Topoisomerase II Inhibitors](#)
[Topoisomerase Inhibitors](#)

Identification
Pharmacology
Interactions
Products
Categories
ATC Codes
[Drug Categories](#)
Chemical Taxonomy
Affected organisms
Chemical Identifiers
References
Clinical Trials
Pharmacoeconomics
Properties
Spectra
Targets (3)

Chemical Taxonomy

Provided by [Classyfire](#)

Description	This compound belongs to the class of organic compounds known as anthracyclines. These are polyketides containing a tetracenequinone ring structure with a sugar attached by glycosidic linkage.
Kingdom	Organic compounds
Super Class	Phenylpropanoids and polyketides
Class	Anthracyclines
Sub Class	Not Available
Direct Parent	Anthracyclines
Alternative Parents	Tetracenequinones / Aminoglycosides / Anthraquinones / Hexoses / O-glycosyl compounds / Tetralins / Anisoles / Aryl ketones / Alkyl aryl ethers / Oxanes  show 12 more
Substituents	1,2-aminoalcohol / 1,4-antraquinone / 9,10-antraquinone / Acetal / Alcohol / Alkyl aryl ether / Alpha-hydroxy ketone / Amine / Amino saccharide / Aminoglycoside core  show 32 more
Molecular Framework	Aromatic heteropolycyclic compounds
External Descriptors	quinone, aminoglycoside antibiotic, anthracycline (CHEBI:41977) / Anthracyclinones (C01907) / Anthracyclinones (LMPK1305002)

Affected organisms

Humans and other mammals

CHEMICAL IDENTIFIERS

UNII	ZS7284E0ZP
CAS number	20830-81-3
InChI Key	STQQHZAVUOBTE-VGBVRHCVSA-N
InChI	InChI=1S/C27H29NO10/c1-10-22(30)14(28)7-17(37-10)38-16-9-27(35,11(2)29)8-13-19(16)26(34)21-20(24(13)32)23(31)12-5-4-6-15(36-3)18(12)25(21)33/h4-6,10,14,16-17,22,30,32,34-35H,7-9,28H,1-3H/t10,14,16-17,-22+,27-/m0/s1
IUPAC Name	(8S,10S)-8-acetyl-10-[(2R,4S,5S,6S)-4-amino-5-hydroxy-6-methoxy-2-yl]oxy]-6,8,11-trihydroxy-1-methoxy-5,7,8,9,10,12-hexahydrotetracene-5,12-dione
SMILES	CC1=C=CC2=C1C(=O)C1=C(O)C3=C(C[C@](O)(C[C@H]3O[C@H]3C[C@H](N)[C@H](O)[C@H](C)O3)C(C)=O)C(O)=C1C2=O

REFERENCES

Synthesis Reference Sylvie Pinnert, Leon Ninet, Jean Preud'Homme, "Antibiotic daunorubicin and its preparation." U.S. Patent US3989598, issued March, 1965. [US3989598](#)

General References

- Balis FM, Holcenberg JS, Bleyer WA: Clinical pharmacokinetics of commonly used anticancer drugs. Clin Pharmacokinet. 1983 May-Jun;8(3):202-32. doi: 10.2165/00003088-198308030-00002. [\[Article\]](#)
- Cafaro A, Giannini MB, Silimbani P, Cangini D, Masini C, Ghelli Luserna Di Rora A, Simonetti G, Martinelli G, Cerchione C: CPX-351 daunorubicin-cytarabine liposome: a novel formulation to treat patients with newly diagnosed secondary acute myeloid leukemia. Minerva Med. 2020 Oct;111(5):455-466. doi: 10.23736/S0026-4806.20.07017-2. Epub 2020 Sep 21. [\[Article\]](#)
- Mayer LD, Tardi P, Louie AC: CPX-351: a nanoscale liposomal co-formulation of daunorubicin and cytarabine with unique biodistribution and tumor cell uptake properties. Int J Nanomedicine. 2019 May 23;14:3819-3830. doi: 10.2147/IJN.S139450. eCollection 2019. [\[Article\]](#)
- Saleem T, Kasi A: Daunorubicin . [\[Article\]](#)
- FDA Approved Drug Products: VYXEOS (daunorubicin and cytarabine) liposome for injection, for intravenous use [\[Link\]](#)

6. Health Canada Approved Drug Products: daunorubicin solution for injection [Link]

7. FDA Approved Drug Products: Daunorubicin hydrochloride injection [Link]

External Links	Human Metabolome Database	HMDB0014832
KEGG Drug		D07776
KEGG Compound		C01907
PubChem Compound		30323
PubChem Substance		46508433
ChemSpider		28163
BindingDB		50368352
RxNav		3109
ChEBI		41977
ChEMBL		CHEMBL178
ZINC		ZINC000003917708
Therapeutic Targets Database		DNC000517
PharmGKB		PA449212
PDBe Ligand		DM1
RxList		RxList Drug Page
Drugs.com		Drugs.com Drug Page
Wikipedia		Daunorubicin
PDB Entries	110d / 152d / 1d10 / 1d11 / 1d33 / 1da0 / 1jo2 / 1o0k / 1vth / 1vti ... show 9 more	
MSDS	Download (36.2 KB)	

CLINICAL TRIALS

Clinical Trials							
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PHASE	STATUS	PURPOSE	CONDITIONS	COUNT	START DATE	WHY STOPPED	100+ ADDITIONAL COLUMNS
Unlock 175K+ rows when you subscribe. View sample data							
View Sample Data							
Not Available	Completed	Not Available	Acute Lymphoblastic Leukemia (ALL)	1			tion to
Not Available	Completed	Not Available	Acute Myeloid Leukemia With Myelodysplasia-Related Changes / Treatment-Related Acute Myeloid Leukemia	1			tion to
Not Available	Completed	Treatment	Acute Biphenotypic Leukemia (ABL) / Acute Myeloid Leukemia / Myelodysplastic Syndrome / Untreated Adult Acute Myeloid Leukemia	1			tion to
Not Available	Completed	Treatment	Acute Lymphocytic Leukemia (ALL)	1			tion to
Not Available	Completed	Treatment	Ataxia-Telangiectasia (A-T)	1			tion to

Showing 1 to 5 of 272 entries

< 1 2 3 4 5 ... 55

PHARMACOECONOMICS

Manufacturers	Gilead sciences inc
	Bedford laboratories div ben Venue laboratories inc
	Sanofi aventis us llc
	Wyeth ayerst research
	App pharmaceuticals llc
	Teva parenteral medicines inc
Packagers	APP Pharmaceuticals
	Bedford Labs
	Ben Venue Laboratories Inc.
	Bigmar Bioren Pharmaceuticals Sa
	Gilead Sciences Inc.
	Sicor Pharmaceuticals
	Specia Alfort
	Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Ltd.
Dosage Forms	Show <input type="button" value="10"/> entries

Search

FORM	ROUTE	STRENGTH
Injection, powder, for solution	Intravenous	20 mg/4mL
Powder, for solution	Intravenous	20 mg / vial
Solution	Intravenous	21.40 mg
Injection, solution	Parenteral	20 mg
Injection, powder, for solution	Parenteral	20 MG/10ML
Injection	Intravenous	
Injection, powder, for solution	Intravenous	20 mg
Injection, powder, for solution; injection, powder, lyophilized, for solution		21.4 mg
Injection	Intravenous	5 mg/1mL
Injection, powder, for solution	Intravenous	20 mg/1

Showing 1 to 10 of 23 entries

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Prices	UNIT DESCRIPTION	COST	UNIT
	Daunorubicin 20 mg/4 ml vial	163.01USD	ml
	Cerubidine 20 mg vial	50.4USD	vial
	Daunorubicin 50 mg/10 ml vial	42.45USD	ml
	DaunoXome 2 mg/ml vial	13.06USD	ml

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Patents	PATENT NUMBER	PEDIATRIC EXTENSION	APPROVED	EXPIRES (ESTIMATED)
	US7850990	No	2010-12-14	2027-01-23
	US8022279	No	2011-09-20	2027-09-14
	US8431806	No	2013-04-30	2025-04-22
	US8092828	No	2012-01-10	2029-04-01
	US8518437	No	2013-08-27	2026-06-07
	US9271931	No	2016-03-01	2027-01-23
	US10028912	No	2018-07-24	2034-09-29
	US10166184	No	2019-01-01	2032-10-15
	US10835492	No	2020-11-17	2032-10-15

PROPERTIES

State	Solid		
Experimental Properties	PROPERTY	VALUE	SOURCE
	melting point (°C)	208-209 °C	PhysProp
	boiling point (°C)	190 °C	PubChem
	water solubility	30000 mg/L at 25 °C	PubChem
	logP	1.83	SANGSTER (1993)
	pKa	7.85	PubChem

Predicted Properties	PROPERTY	VALUE	SOURCE
	Water Solubility	0.627 mg/mL	ALOGPS
	logP	1.68	ALOGPS
	logP	1.36	Chemaxon
	logS	-2.9	ALOGPS
	pKa (Strongest Acidic)	8.01	Chemaxon
	pKa (Strongest Basic)	10.03	Chemaxon
	Physiological Charge	1	Chemaxon
	Hydrogen Acceptor Count	11	Chemaxon
	Hydrogen Donor Count	5	Chemaxon
	Polar Surface Area	185.84 Å²	Chemaxon
	Rotatable Bond Count	4	Chemaxon
	Refractivity	132.89 m³·mol⁻¹	Chemaxon
	Polarizability	53.7 Å³	Chemaxon
	Number of Rings	5	Chemaxon
	Bioavailability	0	Chemaxon
	Rule of Five	No	Chemaxon
	Ghose Filter	No	Chemaxon
	Veber's Rule	No	Chemaxon
	MDDR-like Rule	No	Chemaxon

Predicted ADMET Features	PROPERTY	VALUE	PROBABILITY
	Human Intestinal Absorption	-	0.6524
	Blood Brain Barrier	-	0.9869

PROPERTY	VALUE	PROBABILITY
Caco-2 permeable	-	0.7227
P-glycoprotein substrate	Substrate	0.7862
P-glycoprotein inhibitor I	Non-inhibitor	0.636
P-glycoprotein inhibitor II	Non-inhibitor	0.9136
Renal organic cation transporter	Non-inhibitor	0.9213
CYP450 2C9 substrate	Non-substrate	0.7987
CYP450 2D6 substrate	Non-substrate	0.9116
CYP450 3A4 substrate	Substrate	0.5951
CYP450 1A2 substrate	Inhibitor	0.8777
CYP450 2C9 inhibitor	Non-inhibitor	0.9448
CYP450 2D6 inhibitor	Non-inhibitor	0.9231
CYP450 2C19 inhibitor	Non-inhibitor	0.9527
CYP450 3A4 inhibitor	Non-inhibitor	0.9157
CYP450 inhibitory promiscuity	Low CYP Inhibitory Promiscuity	0.9543
Ames test	AMES toxic	0.9224
Carcinogenicity	Non-carcinogens	0.9521
Biodegradation	Not ready biodegradable	0.9844
Rat acute toxicity	3.2275 LD50, mol/kg	Not applicable
hERG inhibition (predictor I)	Weak inhibitor	0.9888
hERG inhibition (predictor II)	Non-inhibitor	0.8916

ADMET data is predicted using [admetSAR](#), a free tool for evaluating chemical ADMET properties. ([23092397](#))

SPECTRA

Mass Spec (NIST)

Not Available

Spectra

SPECTRUM	SPECTRUM TYPE	SPLASH KEY
Predicted GC-MS Spectrum - GC-MS	Predicted GC-MS	splash10-0006-9200300000-b86566e84001e30da377
Predicted MS/MS Spectrum - 10V, Positive (Annotated)	Predicted LC-MS/MS	splash10-03gi-0108090000-9b5e11033a781f155965
Predicted MS/MS Spectrum - 10V, Negative (Annotated)	Predicted LC-MS/MS	splash10-00os-0009020000-9b31c42030739d82aeab3
Predicted MS/MS Spectrum - 20V, Positive (Annotated)	Predicted LC-MS/MS	splash10-03ec-0209760000-26636262d4edaf9ceb53
Predicted MS/MS Spectrum - 20V, Negative (Annotated)	Predicted LC-MS/MS	splash10-002b-0109010000-a72365a9821b104a18cb
Predicted MS/MS Spectrum - 40V, Positive (Annotated)	Predicted LC-MS/MS	splash10-01ta-1724950000-4efae1952fe012fb5d6f
Predicted MS/MS Spectrum - 40V, Negative (Annotated)	Predicted LC-MS/MS	splash10-00l2-0319420000-c8216989f7cb67458285

Chromatographic Properties

Collision Cross Sections (CCS)

ADDUCT	CCS VALUE (Å²)	SOURCE TYPE	SOURCE
[M-H] ⁻	230.9855766	predicted	DarkChem Lite v0.1.0
[M-H] ⁻	231.5901766	predicted	DarkChem Lite v0.1.0
[M-H] ⁻	213.96645	predicted	DeepCCS 1.0 (2019)
[M+H] ⁺	231.3484766	predicted	DarkChem Lite v0.1.0
[M+H] ⁺	232.6141766	predicted	DarkChem Lite v0.1.0
[M+H] ⁺	215.79134	predicted	DeepCCS 1.0 (2019)
[M+Na] ⁺	231.5254766	predicted	DarkChem Lite v0.1.0
[M+Na] ⁺	232.4401766	predicted	DarkChem Lite v0.1.0
[M+Na] ⁺	221.39717	predicted	DeepCCS 1.0 (2019)

TARGETS

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1. DNA

[Details](#)

Kind

Nucleotide

Organism

Humans

Pharmacological action

Yes

Actions

Intercalation

DNA is the molecule of heredity, as it is responsible for the genetic propagation of most inherited traits. It is a polynucleic acid that carries genetic information on cell growth, division, and function. DNA consists of two long strands of nucleotides twisted into a double helix and held together by hydrogen bonds. The sequence of nucleotides determines hereditary characteristics. Each strand serves as the template for subsequent DNA replication and as a template for mRNA production, leading to protein synthesis via ribosomes.

References

1. Aubel-Sadron G, Londos-Gagliardi D: Daunorubicin and doxorubicin, anthracycline antibiotics, a physicochemical and biological review. Biochimie. 1984 May;66(5):333-52. [\[Article\]](#)
2. Zunino F, Capranico G: DNA topoisomerase II as the primary target of anti-tumor anthracyclines. Anticancer Drug Des. 1990 Nov;5(4):307-17. [\[Article\]](#)
3. FDA Approved Drug Products: VYXEOS (daunorubicin and cytarabine) liposome for injection, for intravenous use [\[Link\]](#)

2. DNA topoisomerase 2-alpha

[Details](#)

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Actions	<input type="checkbox"/> Inhibitor
General Function	Key decatenating enzyme that alters DNA topology by binding to two double-stranded DNA molecules, generating a double-stranded break in one of the strands, passing the intact strand through the broken strand, and religating the broken strand (PubMed:17567603, PubMed:18790802, PubMed:22013166, PubMed:22323612). May play a role in regulating the period length of BMAL1 transcriptional oscillation (By similarity)
Specific Function	Atp binding
Gene Name	TOP2A
Uniprot ID	P11388
Uniprot Name	DNA topoisomerase 2-alpha
Molecular Weight	174383.88 Da

References

1. Aubel-Sadron G, Londos-Gagliardi D: Daunorubicin and doxorubicin, anthracycline antibiotics, a physicochemical and biological review. Biochimie. 1984 May;66(5):333-52. [\[Article\]](#)
2. Zunino F, Capranico G: DNA topoisomerase II as the primary target of anti-tumor anthracyclines. Anticancer Drug Des. 1990 Nov;5(4):307-17. [\[Article\]](#)
3. FDA Approved Drug Products: VYXEOS (daunorubicin and cytarabine) liposome for injection, for intravenous use [\[Link\]](#)

3. DNA topoisomerase 2-beta

[Details](#)

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes
Actions	<input type="checkbox"/> Inhibitor
General Function	Key decatenating enzyme that alters DNA topology by binding to two double-stranded DNA molecules, generating a double-stranded break in one of the strands, passing the intact strand through the broken strand, and religating the broken strand. Plays a role in B-cell differentiation
Specific Function	Atp binding
Gene Name	TOP2B
Uniprot ID	Q02880
Uniprot Name	DNA topoisomerase 2-beta
Molecular Weight	183265.825 Da

References

1. Aubel-Sadron G, Londos-Gagliardi D: Daunorubicin and doxorubicin, anthracycline antibiotics, a physicochemical and biological review. Biochimie. 1984 May;66(5):333-52. [\[Article\]](#)
2. Zunino F, Capranico G: DNA topoisomerase II as the primary target of anti-tumor anthracyclines. Anticancer Drug Des. 1990 Nov;5(4):307-17. [\[Article\]](#)
3. FDA Approved Drug Products: VYXEOS (daunorubicin and cytarabine) liposome for injection, for intravenous use [\[Link\]](#)

ENZYMES

1. Cytochrome P450 3A4

[Details](#)

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	<input type="checkbox"/> Unknown
Actions	<input type="checkbox"/> Substrate <input type="checkbox"/> Inhibitor
General Function	A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in the metabolism of sterols, steroid hormones, retinoids and fatty acids (PubMed:10681376, PubMed:11093772, PubMed:11555828, PubMed:12865317, PubMed:14559847, PubMed:15373842, PubMed:15764715, PubMed:19965576, PubMed:20702771, PubMed:21490593, PubMed:21576599). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (NADPH-hemoprotein reductase). Catalyzes the hydroxylation of carbon-hydrogen bonds (PubMed:12865317, PubMed:14559847, PubMed:15373842, PubMed:15764715, PubMed:21490593, PubMed:21576599, PubMed:2732228). Exhibits high catalytic activity for the formation of hydroxyestrogens from estrone (E1) and 17beta-estradiol (E2), namely 2-hydroxy E1 and E2, as well as D-ring hydroxylated E1 and E2 at the C-16 position (PubMed:11555828, PubMed:12865317, PubMed:14559847). Plays a role in the metabolism of androgens, particularly in oxidative deactivation of testosterone (PubMed:15373842, PubMed:15764715,

PubMed:22773874, PubMed:2732228). Metabolizes testosterone to less biologically active 2beta- and 6beta-hydroxytestosterones (PubMed:15373842, PubMed:15764715, PubMed:2732228). Contributes to the formation of hydroxycholesterols (oxysterols), particularly A-ring hydroxylated cholesterol at the C-4beta position, and side chain hydroxylated cholesterol at the C-25 position, likely contributing to cholesterol degradation and bile acid biosynthesis (PubMed:21576599). Catalyzes bisallylic hydroxylation of polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA) (PubMed:9435160). Catalyzes the epoxidation of double bonds of PUFA with a preference for the last double bond (PubMed:19965576). Metabolizes endocannabinoid arachidonylethanolamide (anandamide) to 8,9-, 11,12-, and 14,15-epoxyeicosatrienoic acid ethanolamides (EpETrE-EAs), potentially modulating endocannabinoid system signaling (PubMed:20702771). Plays a role in the metabolism of retinoids. Displays high catalytic activity for oxidation of all-trans-retinol to all-trans-retinal, a rate-limiting step for the biosynthesis of all-trans-retinoic acid (atRA) (PubMed:10681376). Further metabolizes atRA toward 4-hydroxyretinoate and may play a role in hepatic atRA clearance (PubMed:11093772). Responsible for oxidative metabolism of xenobiotics. Acts as a 2-exo-monoxygenase for plant lipid 1,8-cineole (eucalyptol) (PubMed:11159812). Metabolizes the majority of the administered drugs. Catalyzes sulfoxidation of the anthelmintics albendazole and fenbendazole (PubMed:10759686). Hydroxylates antimalarial drug quinine (PubMed:8968357). Acts as a 1,4-cineole 2-exo-monoxygenase (PubMed:11695850). Also involved in vitamin D catabolism and calcium homeostasis. Catalyzes the inactivation of the active hormone calcitriol (1-alpha,25-dihydroxyvitamin D(3)) (PubMed:29461981)

Specific Function

1,8-cineole 2-exo-monoxygenase activity

Gene Name

CYP3A4

Uniprot ID[P08684](#)**Uniprot Name**

Cytochrome P450 3A4

Molecular Weight

57342.67 Da

References

- Baumhakel M, Kasel D, Rao-Schymanski RA, Bocker R, Beckurts KT, Zaigler M, Barthold D, Fuhr U: Screening for inhibitory effects of antineoplastic agents on CYP3A4 in human liver microsomes. *Int J Clin Pharmacol Ther.* 2001 Dec;39(12):517-28. [[Article](#)]

2. Cytochrome P450 3A5[Details](#)**Kind**

Protein

Organism

Humans

Pharmacological action[Unknown](#)**Actions**[Inducer](#)**General Function**

A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in the metabolism of steroid hormones and vitamins (PubMed:10681376, PubMed:11093772, PubMed:12865317, PubMed:2732228). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (NADPH–hemoprotein reductase). Catalyzes the hydroxylation of carbon-hydrogen bonds (PubMed:10681376, PubMed:11093772, PubMed:12865317, PubMed:2732228). Exhibits high catalytic activity for the formation of catechol estrogens from 17beta-estradiol (E2) and estrone (E1), namely 2-hydroxy E1 and E2 (PubMed:12865317). Catalyzes 6beta-hydroxylation of the steroid hormones testosterone, progesterone, and androstenedione (PubMed:2732228). Catalyzes the oxidative conversion of all-trans-retinol to all-trans-retinal, a rate-limiting step for the biosynthesis of all-trans-retinoic acid (atRA) (PubMed:10681376). Further metabolizes all trans-retinoic acid (atRA) to 4-hydroxyretinoate and may play a role in hepatic atRA clearance (PubMed:11093772). Also involved in the oxidative metabolism of xenobiotics, including calcium channel blocking drug nifedipine and immunosuppressive drug cyclosporine (PubMed:2732228)

Specific Function

Aromatase activity

Gene Name

CYP3A5

Uniprot ID[P20815](#)**Uniprot Name**

Cytochrome P450 3A5

Molecular Weight

57108.065 Da

References

- Wang T, Chen FY, Han JY, Shao NX, Ou-Yuang RR: [Study of CYP3A5 in drug resistance mechanisms in acute leukemia]. *Zhonghua Xue Ye Xue Za Zhi.* 2003 Jun;24(6):286-9. [[Article](#)]

3. NADPH–cytochrome P450 reductase[Details](#)**Kind**

Protein

Organism

Humans

Pharmacological action[Unknown](#)**Actions**[Substrate](#) [Inducer](#)**General Function**

This enzyme is required for electron transfer from NADP to cytochrome P450 in microsomes. It can also provide electron transfer to heme oxygenase and cytochrome B5

Specific Function

Flavin adenine dinucleotide binding

Gene Name

POR

Uniprot ID[P16435](#)**Uniprot Name**

NADPH–cytochrome P450 reductase

Molecular Weight

76689.12 Da

References

1. Bachur NR, Gordon SL, Gee MV, Kon H: NADPH cytochrome P-450 reductase activation of quinone anticancer agents to free radicals. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 1979 Feb;76(2):954-7. [Article]

4. Cytochrome P450 1B1

Details

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	Unknown
Actions	Inhibitor
General Function	A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in the metabolism of various endogenous substrates, including fatty acids, steroid hormones and vitamins (PubMed:10681376, PubMed:11555828, PubMed:12865317, PubMed:15258110, PubMed:20972997). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (NADPH-hemoprotein reductase) (PubMed:10681376, PubMed:11555828, PubMed:12865317, PubMed:15258110, PubMed:20972997). Exhibits catalytic activity for the formation of hydroxyestrogens from estrone (E1) and 17beta-estradiol (E2), namely 2- and 4-hydroxy E1 and E2. Displays a predominant hydroxylase activity toward E2 at the C-4 position (PubMed:11555828, PubMed:12865317). Metabolizes testosterone and progesterone to B or D ring hydroxylated metabolites (PubMed:10426814). May act as a major enzyme for all-trans retinoic acid biosynthesis in extrahepatic tissues. Catalyzes two successive oxidative transformation of all-trans retinol to all-trans retinal and then to the active form all-trans retinoic acid (PubMed:10681376, PubMed:15258110). Catalyzes the epoxidation of double bonds of certain PUFA. Converts arachidonic acid toward epoxyeicosatrienoic acid (EpETrE) regioisomers, 8,9-, 11,12-, and 14,15-EpETrE, that function as lipid mediators in the vascular system (PubMed:20972997). Additionally, displays dehydratase activity toward oxygenated eicosanoids hydroperoxyeicosatetraenoates (HpETEs). This activity is independent of cytochrome P450 reductase, NADPH, and O2 (PubMed:21068195). Also involved in the oxidative metabolism of xenobiotics, particularly converting polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and heterocyclic aryl amines procarcinogens to DNA-damaging products (PubMed:10426814). Plays an important role in retinal vascular development. Under hyperoxic O2 conditions, promotes retinal angiogenesis and capillary morphogenesis, likely by metabolizing the oxygenated products generated during the oxidative stress. Also, contributes to oxidative homeostasis and ultrastructural organization and function of trabecular meshwork tissue through modulation of POSTN expression (By similarity)
Specific Function	Aromatase activity
Gene Name	CYP1B1
Uniprot ID	Q16678
Uniprot Name	Cytochrome P450 1B1
Molecular Weight	60845.33 Da

References

1. Rochat B, Morsman JM, Murray GI, Figg WD, McLeod HL: Human CYP1B1 and anticancer agent metabolism: mechanism for tumor-specific drug inactivation? J Pharmacol Exp Ther. 2001 Feb;296(2):537-41. [Article]

5. Aldo-keto reductase family 1 member B1

Details

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	Unknown
Actions	Substrate
General Function	Catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of a wide variety of carbonyl-containing compounds to their corresponding alcohols. Displays enzymatic activity towards endogenous metabolites such as aromatic and aliphatic aldehydes, ketones, monosaccharides, bile acids and xenobiotics substrates. Key enzyme in the polyol pathway, catalyzes reduction of glucose to sorbitol during hyperglycemia (PubMed:1936586). Reduces steroids and their derivatives and prostaglandins. Displays low enzymatic activity toward all-trans-retinal, 9-cis-retinal, and 13-cis-retinal (PubMed:12732097, PubMed:19010934, PubMed:8343525). Catalyzes the reduction of diverse phospholipid aldehydes such as 1-palmitoyl-2-(5-oxovaleroyl)-sn-glycero-3-phosphoethanolamin (POVPC) and related phospholipid aldehydes that are generated from the oxydation of phosphotidylcholine and phosphatidylethanolamides (PubMed:17381426). Plays a role in detoxifying dietary and lipid-derived unsaturated carbonyls, such as crotonaldehyde, 4-hydroxynonenal, trans-2-hexenal, trans-2,4-hexadienal and their glutathione-conjugates carbonyls (GS-carbonyls) (PubMed:21329684)
Specific Function	Aldose reductase (nadph) activity
Gene Name	AKR1B1
Uniprot ID	P15121
Uniprot Name	Aldo-keto reductase family 1 member B1
Molecular Weight	35853.125 Da

References

1. Loveless H, Arena E, Felsted RL, Bachur NR: Comparative mammalian metabolism of adriamycin and daunorubicin. Cancer Res. 1978 Mar;38(3):593-8. [Article]

6. Carbonyl reductase [NADPH] 1

[Details](#)

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	Unknown
Actions	Substrate
General Function	NADPH-dependent reductase with broad substrate specificity. Catalyzes the reduction of a wide variety of carbonyl compounds including quinones, prostaglandins, menadione, plus various xenobiotics. Catalyzes the reduction of the antitumor anthracyclines doxorubicin and daunorubicin to the cardiotoxic compounds doxorubicinol and daunorubicinol (PubMed:15799708, PubMed:17344335, PubMed:17912391, PubMed:18449627, PubMed:18826943, PubMed:1921984, PubMed:7005231). Can convert prostaglandin E to prostaglandin F2-alpha (By similarity). Can bind glutathione, which explains its higher affinity for glutathione-conjugated substrates. Catalyzes the reduction of S-nitrosoglutathione (PubMed:17344335, PubMed:18826943). In addition, participates in the glucocorticoid metabolism by catalyzing the NADPH-dependent cortisol/corticosterone into 20beta-dihydrocortisol (20b-DHF) or 20beta-corticosterone (20b-DHB), which are weak agonists of NR3C1 and NR3C2 in adipose tissue (PubMed:28878267)
Specific Function	15-hydroxyprostaglandin dehydrogenase (nadp+) activity
Gene Name	CBR1
Uniprot ID	P16152
Uniprot Name	Carbonyl reductase [NADPH] 1
Molecular Weight	30374.73 Da

References

1. Piska K, Koczurkiewicz P, Bucki A, Wojcik-Pszczola K, Kolaczkowski M, Pekala E: Metabolic carbonyl reduction of anthracyclines - role in cardiotoxicity and cancer resistance. Reducing enzymes as putative targets for novel cardioprotective and chemosensitizing agents. *Invest New Drugs.* 2017 Jun;35(3):375-385. doi: 10.1007/s10637-017-0443-2. Epub 2017 Mar 10. [\[Article\]](#)

7. Carbonyl reductase [NADPH] 3

[Details](#)

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	Unknown
Actions	Substrate
General Function	Catalyzes the NADPH-dependent reduction of carbonyl compounds to their corresponding alcohols (PubMed:18493841). Has low NADPH-dependent oxidoreductase activity. Acts on several orthoquinones, acts as well on non-quinone compounds, such as isatin or on the anticancer drug oracin (PubMed:15537833, PubMed:18493841, PubMed:19841672). Best substrates for CBR3 is 1,2- naphthoquinone, hence could play a role in protection against cytotoxicity of exogenous quinones (PubMed:19841672). Exerts activity toward ortho-quinones but not paraquinones. No endogenous substrate for CBR3 except isatin has been identified (PubMed:19841672)
Specific Function	3-keto sterol reductase activity
Gene Name	CBR3
Uniprot ID	Q75828
Uniprot Name	Carbonyl reductase [NADPH] 3
Molecular Weight	30849.97 Da

References

1. Piska K, Koczurkiewicz P, Bucki A, Wojcik-Pszczola K, Kolaczkowski M, Pekala E: Metabolic carbonyl reduction of anthracyclines - role in cardiotoxicity and cancer resistance. Reducing enzymes as putative targets for novel cardioprotective and chemosensitizing agents. *Invest New Drugs.* 2017 Jun;35(3):375-385. doi: 10.1007/s10637-017-0443-2. Epub 2017 Mar 10. [\[Article\]](#)

TRANSPORTERS

1. ATP-dependent translocase ABCB1

[Binding Properties](#)[Details](#)

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	Unknown
Actions	Substrate Inhibitor Inducer
General Function	Translocates drugs and phospholipids across the membrane (PubMed:2897240, PubMed:35970996, PubMed:8898203, PubMed:9038218). Catalyzes the flop of phospholipids from the cytoplasmic to the exoplasmic leaflet of the apical membrane. Participates mainly to the flop of phosphatidylcholine, phosphatidylethanolamine, beta-D-glucosylceramides and sphingomyelins (PubMed:8898203). Energy-dependent efflux pump responsible for decreased drug accumulation in multidrug-resistant cells (PubMed:2897240, PubMed:35970996, PubMed:9038218)
Specific Function	Abc-type xenobiotic transporter activity

Gene Name	ABCB1
Uniprot ID	P08183
Uniprot Name	ATP-dependent translocase ABCB1
Molecular Weight	141477.255 Da
References	
<p>1. Zhou G, Kuo MT: Wild-type p53-mediated induction of rat mdrlb expression by the anticancer drug daunorubicin. <i>J Biol Chem.</i> 1998 Jun;273(25):15387-94. [Article]</p> <p>2. Gao J, Murase O, Schowen RL, Aube J, Borchardt RT: A functional assay for quantitation of the apparent affinities of ligands of P-glycoprotein in Caco-2 cells. <i>Pharm Res.</i> 2001 Feb;18(2):171-6. [Article]</p> <p>3. Polli JW, Wring SA, Humphreys JE, Huang L, Morgan JB, Webster LO, Serabjit-Singh CS: Rational use of in vitro P-glycoprotein assays in drug discovery. <i>J Pharmacol Exp Ther.</i> 2001 Nov;299(2):620-8. [Article]</p> <p>4. Tang F, Horie K, Borchardt RT: Are MDCK cells transfected with the human MDR1 gene a good model of the human intestinal mucosa? <i>Pharm Res.</i> 2002 Jun;19(6):765-72. [Article]</p> <p>5. Takara K, Tanigawara Y, Komada F, Nishiguchi K, Sakaeda T, Okumura K: Cellular pharmacokinetic aspects of reversal effect of itraconazole on P-glycoprotein-mediated resistance of anticancer drugs. <i>Biol Pharm Bull.</i> 1999 Dec;22(12):1355-9. [Article]</p> <p>6. Tang F, Ouyang H, Yang JZ, Borchardt RT: Bidirectional transport of rhodamine 123 and Hoechst 33342, fluorescence probes of the binding sites on P-glycoprotein, across MDCK-MDR1 cell monolayers. <i>J Pharm Sci.</i> 2004 May;93(5):1185-94. [Article]</p> <p>7. Adachi Y, Suzuki H, Sugiyama Y: Comparative studies on in vitro methods for evaluating in vivo function of MDR1 P-glycoprotein. <i>Pharm Res.</i> 2001 Dec;18(12):1660-8. [Article]</p> <p>8. Lecureur V, Sun D, Hargrove P, Schuetz EG, Kim RB, Lan LB, Schuetz JD: Cloning and expression of murine sister of P-glycoprotein reveals a more discriminating transporter than MDR1/P-glycoprotein. <i>Mol Pharmacol.</i> 2000 Jan;57(1):24-35. [Article]</p> <p>9. Takara K, Sakaeda T, Kakimoto M, Tanigawara Y, Kobayashi H, Okumura K, Ohnishi N, Yokoyama T: Effects of alpha-adrenoceptor antagonist doxazosin on MDR1-mediated multidrug resistance and transcellular transport. <i>Oncol Res.</i> 2009;17(11-12):527-33. [Article]</p> <p>10. Borska S, Sopel M, Chmielewska M, Zabel M, Dziegiej P: Quercetin as a potential modulator of P-glycoprotein expression and function in cells of human pancreatic carcinoma line resistant to daunorubicin. <i>Molecules.</i> 2010 Feb 9;15(2):857-70. doi: 10.3390/molecules15020857. [Article]</p> <p>11. Perez-Victoria JM, Chiquero MJ, Conseil G, Dayan G, Di Pietro A, Barron D, Castany S, Gamarro F: Correlation between the affinity of flavonoids binding to the cytosolic site of Leishmania tropica multidrug transporter and their efficiency to revert parasite resistance to daunomycin. <i>Biochemistry.</i> 1999 Feb 9;38(6):1736-43. [Article]</p> <p>12. Pallis M, Turzanski J, Harrison G, Wheatley K, Langabeer S, Burnett AK, Russell NH: Use of standardized flow cytometric determinants of multidrug resistance to analyse response to remission induction chemotherapy in patients with acute myeloblastic leukaemia. <i>Br J Haematol.</i> 1999 Feb;104(2):307-12. [Article]</p> <p>13. Chiodini B, Bassan R, Barbui T: Cellular uptake and antiproliferative effects of therapeutic concentrations of idarubicin or daunorubicin and their alcohol metabolites, with or without cyclosporin A, in MDR1+ human leukemic cells. <i>Leuk Lymphoma.</i> 1999 May;33(5-6):485-97. [Article]</p> <p>14. Romsicki Y, Sharom FJ: The membrane lipid environment modulates drug interactions with the P-glycoprotein multidrug transporter. <i>Biochemistry.</i> 1999 May 25;38(21):6887-96. [Article]</p> <p>15. Hiessbock R, Wolf C, Richter E, Hitzler M, Chiba P, Kratzel M, Ecker G: Synthesis and in vitro multidrug resistance modulating activity of a series of dihydrobenzopyrans and tetrahydroquinolines. <i>J Med Chem.</i> 1999 Jun 3;42(11):1921-6. [Article]</p>	

2. Multidrug resistance-associated protein 1

[Binding Properties](#)[Details](#)

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	Unknown
Actions	Substrate Inhibitor
General Function	Mediates export of organic anions and drugs from the cytoplasm (PubMed:10064732, PubMed:11114332, PubMed:16230346, PubMed:7961706, PubMed:9281595). Mediates ATP-dependent transport of glutathione and glutathione conjugates, leukotriene C4, estradiol-17-beta-o-glucuronide, methotrexate, antiviral drugs and other xenobiotics (PubMed:10064732, PubMed:11114332, PubMed:16230346, PubMed:7961706, PubMed:9281595). Confers resistance to anticancer drugs by decreasing accumulation of drug in cells, and by mediating ATP- and GSH-dependent drug export (PubMed:9281595). Hydrolyzes ATP with low efficiency (PubMed:16230346). Catalyzes the export of sphingosine 1-phosphate from mast cells independently of their degranulation (PubMed:17050692). Participates in inflammatory response by allowing export of leukotriene C4 from leukotriene C4-synthesizing cells (By similarity). Mediates ATP-dependent, GSH-independent cyclic GMP-AMP (cGAMP) export (PubMed:36070769). Thus, by limiting intracellular cGAMP concentrations negatively regulates the cGAS-STING pathway (PubMed:36070769)
Specific Function	Abc-type glutathione s-conjugate transporter activity
Gene Name	ABCC1
Uniprot ID	P33527
Uniprot Name	Multidrug resistance-associated protein 1
Molecular Weight	171589.5 Da

References

- Loe DW, Almquist KC, Cole SP, Deeley RG: ATP-dependent 17 beta-estradiol 17-(beta-D-glucuronide) transport by multidrug resistance protein (MRP). Inhibition by cholestatic steroids. *J Biol Chem.* 1996 Apr 19;271(16):9683-9. [\[Article\]](#)
- Heijnen M, Hooijberg JH, Scheffer GL, Szabo G, Westerhoff HV, Lankelma J: Anthracyclines modulate multidrug resistance protein (MRP) mediated organic anion transport. *Biochim Biophys Acta.* 1997 May 22;1326(1):12-22. [\[Article\]](#)
- Priebe W, Krawczyk M, Kuo MT, Yamane Y, Savaraj N, Ishikawa T: Doxorubicin- and daunorubicin-glutathione conjugates, but not unconjugated drugs, competitively inhibit leukotriene C4 transport mediated by MRP/GS-X pump. *Biochem Biophys Res Commun.* 1998 Jun 29;247(3):859-63. [\[Article\]](#)
- Godinot N, Iversen PW, Tabas L, Xia X, Williams DC, Dantzig AH, Perry WL 3rd: Cloning and functional characterization of the multidrug resistance-associated protein (MRP1/ABCC1) from the cynomolgus monkey. *Mol Cancer Ther.* 2003 Mar;2(3):307-16. [\[Article\]](#)
- Nunoya K, Grant CE, Zhang D, Cole SP, Deeley RG: Molecular cloning and pharmacological characterization of rat multidrug resistance protein 1 (mrp1). *Drug Metab Dispos.* 2003 Aug;31(8):1016-26. [\[Article\]](#)
- Versantvoort CH, Broxterman HJ, Lankelma J, Feller N, Pinedo HM: Competitive inhibition by genistein and ATP dependence of daunorubicin transport in intact MRP overexpressing human small cell lung cancer cells. *Biochem Pharmacol.* 1994 Sep 15;48(6):1129-36. [\[Article\]](#)
- Yazaki K, Yamanaka N, Masuno T, Konagai S, Shitan N, Kaneko S, Ueda K, Sato F: Heterologous expression of a mammalian ABC transporter in plant and its application to phytoremediation. *Plant Mol Biol.* 2006 Jun;61(3):491-503. [\[Article\]](#)
- Stride BD, Loe DW, Hipfner DR, Cole SP, Deeley RG: Pharmacological characterization of the murine and human orthologs of multidrug-resistance protein in transfected human embryonic kidney cells. *Mol Pharmacol.* 1997 Sep;52(3):344-53. [\[Article\]](#)
- Renes J, de Vries EG, Nienhuis EF, Jansen PL, Muller M: ATP- and glutathione-dependent transport of chemotherapeutic drugs by the multidrug resistance protein MRP1. *Br J Pharmacol.* 1999 Feb;126(3):681-8. [\[Article\]](#)
- Hooijberg JH, Pinedo HM, Vrasdonk C, Priebe W, Lankelma J, Broxterman HJ: The effect of glutathione on the ATPase activity of MRP1 in its natural membranes. *FEBS Lett.* 2000 Mar 3;469(1):47-51. [\[Article\]](#)
- Marbeuf-Gueye C, Salerno M, Quidu P, Garnier-Suillerot A: Inhibition of the P-glycoprotein- and multidrug resistance protein-mediated efflux of anthracyclines and calceinacetoxyethyl ester by PAK-104P. *Eur J Pharmacol.* 2000 Mar 17;391(3):207-16. [\[Article\]](#)
- Evers R, Kool M, Smith AJ, van Deemter L, de Haas M, Borst P: Inhibitory effect of the reversal agents V-104, GF120918 and Pluronic L61 on MDR1 Pgp-, MRP1- and MRP2-mediated transport. *Br J Cancer.* 2000 Aug;83(3):366-74. [\[Article\]](#)
- Evers R, Sparidans R, Beijnen J, Wielinga PR, Lankelma J, Borst P: Vinblastine and sulfinpyrazone export by the multidrug resistance protein MRP2 is associated with glutathione export. *Br J Cancer.* 2000 Aug;83(3):375-83. [\[Article\]](#)

[Details](#)

3. ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 10

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	Unknown
Actions	Substrate
General Function	ATP-dependent transporter of the ATP-binding cassette (ABC) family that actively extrudes physiological compounds, and xenobiotics from cells. Lipophilic anion transporter that mediates ATP-dependent transport of glucuronide conjugates such as estradiol-17-beta-o-glucuronide and GSH conjugates such as leukotriene C4 (LTC4) (PubMed:12527806, PubMed:15256465). May contribute to regulate the transport of organic compounds in testes across the blood-testis-barrier (Probable). Mediates multidrug resistance (MDR) in cancer cells by preventing the intracellular accumulation of certain antitumor drugs, such as, docetaxel and paclitaxel (PubMed:15256465, PubMed:23087055). Does not transport glycocholic acid, taurocholic acid, MTX, folic acid, cAMP, or cGMP (PubMed:12527806)
Specific Function	Abc-type glutathione s-conjugate transporter activity
Gene Name	ABCC10
Uniprot ID	Q5T3U5
Uniprot Name	ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 10
Molecular Weight	161627.375 Da
References	<p>1. Hopper-Borge E, Xu X, Shen T, Shi Z, Chen ZS, Kruh GD: Human multidrug resistance protein 7 (ABCC10) is a resistance factor for nucleoside analogues and epothilone B. <i>Cancer Res.</i> 2009 Jan 1;69(1):178-84. doi: 10.1158/0008-5472.CAN-08-1420. [Article]</p>

[Details](#)

4. Broad substrate specificity ATP-binding cassette transporter ABCG2

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	Unknown
Actions	Substrate
General Function	Broad substrate specificity ATP-dependent transporter of the ATP-binding cassette (ABC) family that actively extrudes a wide variety of physiological compounds, dietary toxins and xenobiotics from cells (PubMed:11306452, PubMed:12958161, PubMed:19506252, PubMed:20705604, PubMed:28554189, PubMed:30405239, PubMed:31003562). Involved in porphyrin homeostasis, mediating the export of protoporphyrin IX (PPIX) from both mitochondria to cytosol and cytosol to extracellular space, it also functions in the cellular export of heme (PubMed:20705604, PubMed:23189181). Also mediates the efflux of sphingosine-1-P from cells (PubMed:20110355). Acts as a urate exporter functioning in both renal and extrarenal urate excretion (PubMed:19506252, PubMed:20368174, PubMed:22132962, PubMed:31003562, PubMed:36749388). In kidney, it also functions as a physiological exporter of the uremic toxin indoxyl sulfate (By similarity). Also involved in the excretion of steroids like estrone 3-sulfate/E1S, 3beta-sulfoxy-androst-5-en-17-one/DHEAS, and other sulfate conjugates (PubMed:12682043, PubMed:28554189, PubMed:30405239). Mediates the secretion of the riboflavin and biotin vitamins into milk (By similarity). Extrudes pheophorbide a, a phototoxic porphyrin catabolite of chlorophyll, reducing its bioavailability (By similarity). Plays an important role in the exclusion of xenobiotics from the brain (Probable). It confers to cells a resistance to multiple drugs and other xenobiotics including mitoxantrone, pheophorbide, camptothecin, methotrexate, azidothymidine, and the anthracyclines daunorubicin and doxorubicin, through the control of their efflux (PubMed:11306452, PubMed:12477054, PubMed:15670731, PubMed:18056989, PubMed:31254042). In placenta, it limits the penetration of drugs from the maternal plasma into the fetus (By similarity). May play a role in early stem cell self-renewal by blocking differentiation (By similarity)
Specific Function	Abc-type xenobiotic transporter activity
Gene Name	ABCG2
Uniprot ID	Q9UNQ0
Uniprot Name	Broad substrate specificity ATP-binding cassette transporter ABCG2
Molecular Weight	72313.47 Da
References	<p>1. Janvilisri T, Venter H, Shahi S, Reuter G, Balakrishnan L, van Veen HW: Sterol transport by the human breast cancer resistance protein (ABCG2) expressed in <i>Lactococcus lactis</i>. <i>J Biol Chem.</i> 2003 Jun 6;278(23):20645-51. Epub 2003 Mar 28. [Article]</p> <p>2. Ozvegy C, Litman T, Szakacs G, Nagy Z, Bates S, Varadi A, Sarkadi B: Functional characterization of the human multidrug transporter, ABCG2, expressed in insect cells. <i>Biochem Biophys Res Commun.</i> 2001 Jul 6;285(1):111-7. [Article]</p> <p>3. Nakanishi T, Doyle LA, Hassel B, Wei Y, Bauer KS, Wu S, Pumpkin DW, Fang HB, Ross DD: Functional characterization of human breast cancer resistance protein (BCRP, ABCG2) expressed in the oocytes of <i>Xenopus laevis</i>. <i>Mol Pharmacol.</i> 2003 Dec;64(6):1452-62. [Article]</p>

[Details](#)

5. ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 6

Kind	Protein
Organism	Humans
Pharmacological action	Unknown
Actions	Substrate

General Function	ATP-dependent transporter of the ATP-binding cassette (ABC) family that actively extrudes physiological compounds, and xenobiotics from cells. Mediates ATP-dependent transport of glutathione conjugates such as leukotriene-c4 (LTC4) and N-ethylmaleimide S-glutathione (NEM-GS) (in vitro), and an anionic cyclopentapeptide endothelin antagonist, BQ-123 (PubMed:11880368, PubMed:12414644). May contribute to regulate the transport of organic compounds in testes across the blood-testis-barrier (Probable). Does not appear to actively transport drugs outside the cell. Confers low levels of cellular resistance to etoposide, teniposide, anthracyclines and cisplatin (PubMed:12414644)
Specific Function	Abc-type glutathione s-conjugate transporter activity
Gene Name	ABCC6
Uniprot ID	O95255
Uniprot Name	ATP-binding cassette sub-family C member 6
Molecular Weight	164904.81 Da
References	<p>1. Belinsky MG, Chen ZS, Shchaveleva I, Zeng H, Kruh GD: Characterization of the drug resistance and transport properties of multidrug resistance protein 6 (MRP6, ABCC6). <i>Cancer Res.</i> 2002 Nov 1;62(21):6172-7. [Article]</p>

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